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10/689,122

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                 ADISCTI Reloaded and Enhanced
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        OCT 30
NEWS 16
                 CHEMLIST enhanced with new search and display field
NEWS 17
         NOV 03
                 JAPIO enhanced with IPC 8 features and functionality
NEWS 18
        NOV 10
                 CA/CAplus F-Term thesaurus enhanced
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                 8.01c now available
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                 CAS Registry Number crossover limit increased to 300,000 in
                 additional databases
                 CA/CAplus to MARPAT accession number crossover limit increased
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         NOV 20
                 to 50,000
NEWS 22
         DEC 01
                 CAS REGISTRY updated with new ambiguity codes
                 CAS REGISTRY chemical nomenclature enhanced
NEWS 23
         DEC 11
         DEC 14
NEWS 24
                 WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX manual codes updated
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                 functionality
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                 CA/CAplus pre-1967 chemical substance index entries enhanced
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                 with preparation role
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                 CA/CAplus patent kind codes updated
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                 MARPAT to CA/CAplus accession number crossover limit increased
                 to 50,000
NEWS 29
         DEC 18
                 MEDLINE updated in preparation for 2007 reload
NEWS 30
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with more pre-1907 records
         DEC 27
              NOVEMBER 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01c, CURRENT
NEWS EXPRESS
              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 25 SEPTEMBER 2006.
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chain nodes :  $7 \quad 8 \quad 9 \quad 10 \quad 11 \quad 12 \quad 13 \quad 14 \quad 15 \quad 16 \quad 17 \quad 18 \quad 19 \quad 20 \quad 21 \quad 22 \quad 23 \quad 24$ ring nodes : 1 2 3 4 5 6 chain bonds : 1-12 2-17 3-23 4-24 5-7 6-22 7-8 8-9 8-10 8-11 12-13 13-14 13-15 13-16 17-18 18-19 18-20 18-21 ring bonds : 1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 exact/norm bonds :  $1-12 \quad 2-17 \quad 3-23 \quad 4-24 \quad 5-7 \quad 6-22 \quad 7-8 \quad 8-9 \quad 8-10 \quad 8-11 \quad 12-13 \quad 13-14 \quad 13-15 \quad 13-16$ 17-18 18-19 18-20 18-21 exact bonds : 1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 isolated ring systems : containing 1:

# Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 8:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:CLASS 11:CLASS 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS 22:Atom 23:Atom 24:Atom

## L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 11 L1 HAS NO ANSWERS L1 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:00:29 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 175 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 175 ITERATIONS

20 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 2707 TO 429

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 132 TO 668

L2 20 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 17:00:38 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 3957 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 3957 ITERATIONS 445 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 445 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> FIL CAPLUS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 172.10 172.31

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:00:43 ON 03 JAN 2007 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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databases on STN. Any dissemination, distribution, copying, or storing of this information, without the prior written consent of CAS, is strictly prohibited. FILE COVERS 1907 - 3 Jan 2007 VOL 146 ISS 2 FILE LAST UPDATED: 2 Jan 2007 (20070102/ED) Effective October 17, 2005, revised CAS Information Use Policies apply. They are available for your review at: http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html => s 13L47495 L3 => s 14 and (conjugate or label or tracer) 67258 CONJUGATE 60273 CONJUGATES 104525 CONJUGATE (CONJUGATE OR CONJUGATES) 63086 LABEL 21921 LABELS 75861 LABEL (LABEL OR LABELS) 54936 TRACER 19021 TRACERS 64953 TRACER (TRACER OR TRACERS) L5 105 L4 AND (CONJUGATE OR LABEL OR TRACER) => s 15 and IP3R or IP3 receptor 559 IP3R 5376 IP3 681077 RECEPTOR 624756 RECEPTORS 810862 RECEPTOR (RECEPTOR OR RECEPTORS) 1251 IP3 RECEPTOR (IP3(W) RECEPTOR) L6 1254 L5 AND IP3R OR IP3 RECEPTOR => s 15 and (IP3R or IP3 receptor) 559 IP3R 5376 IP3 681077 RECEPTOR 624756 RECEPTORS 810862 RECEPTOR (RECEPTOR OR RECEPTORS) 1251 IP3 RECEPTOR (IP3(W) RECEPTOR) L7 14 L5 AND (IP3R OR IP3 RECEPTOR) => d 17 ibib abs hitstr tot ANSWER 1 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:371146 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:371475

TITLE:

IP3 protein binding assay using detectably-labeled IP3

fors!

and an extracellular fragment of the IP3

receptor as reagents

INVENTOR(S):

Naqvi, Tabassum; Rouhani, Riaz; Fung, Peter; Eglen,

Richard; Singh, Rajendra

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Discoverx, Inc., USA

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

P	PATENT NO.					KIND		DATE		APPLICATION NO.				DATE				
									WO 2003-US33262				20031020					
Mo	O	2004038369																
		W:	ΑE,	ΑG,	ΑL,	AM,	ΑT,	ΑU,	ΑZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
			co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	ΙS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,
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OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 140:371475

AΒ Protein binding assays are provided for determining IP3 in a sample employing as

reagents a conjugate of IP3 joined at the 2-oxy through a bond or linking group to a detectable label and a truncated portion of the extracellular fragment of an IP3R. The reagents are combined with the sample and the amount of IP3 determined by means of the detectable label. The conjugate with the enzyme donor fragment of  $\beta$ -galactosidase or a fluorescer is specifically described.

ΙT 2068-89-5

> RL: ANT (Analyte); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study)

(IP3 protein binding assay using detectably-labeled IP3 and IP3 receptor extracellular fragment as reagents)

2068-89-5 CAPLUS RN

D-myo-Inositol, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

IT 2068-89-5D, conjugates with detectable label RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)
(IP3 protein binding assay using detectably-labeled IP3 and IP3
receptor extracellular fragment as reagents)

RN 2068-89-5 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

IT 502159-32-2DP, reaction product with hexachlorofluorescein N-hydroxysuccinimide derivative 685515-03-1DP, conjugates with  $\beta$ -galactosidase fragment 685515-04-2P 685515-07-5P 685515-08-6P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(IP3 protein binding assay using detectably-labeled IP3 and IP3 receptor extracellular fragment as reagents)

RN 502159-32-2 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-(2-aminoethyl)-, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 685515-03-1 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-0-[2-[[3-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]-, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 685515-04-2 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-[2-[[(3',6'-dihydroxy-3-oxospiro[isobenzofuran-1(3H),9'-[9H]xanthen]-6-yl)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 685515-07-5 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-0-[2-[[4-(2,3,7,8-tetrahydro-2,3,3,7,7,8-hexamethyl-10,12-disulfo-1H-pyrano[3,2-f:5,6-f']diindol-5-yl)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]-, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 685515-08-6 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-0-[2-[[6-[2-[3-(1-ethyl-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-2H-indol-2-ylidene)-1-propenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-3H-indolio]-1-oxohexyl]amino]ethyl]-, inner salt, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-B

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**⊳**орозн<sub>2</sub>

IT 502159-32-2 685515-06-4
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(IP3 protein binding assay using detectably-labeled IP3 and IP3

receptor extracellular fragment as reagents)
RN 502159-32-2 CAPLUS
CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-(2-aminoethyl)-, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate)
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 685515-06-4 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-(2-aminoethyl)-, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 502159-32-2 CMF C8 H20 N O15 P3

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

IT 685515-03-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(IP3 protein binding assay using detectably-labeled IP3 and IP3 receptor extracellular fragment as reagents)

RN 685515-03-1 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-[2-[[3-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]-, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 2 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003:500894 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

140:402583

TITLE:

Spatiotemporal Laser Inactivation of Inositol 1,4,5-Trisphosphate Receptors Using Synthetic

Small-Molecule Probes

AUTHOR(S):

Inoue, Takanari; Kikuchi, Kazuya; Hirose, Kenzo; Iino,

Masamitsu; Nagano, Tetsuo

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Graduate School of Medicine, Graduate School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, The University of Tokyo,

SOURCE:

LANGUAGE:

Bunkyo-ku, Tokyo, 113-0038, Japan Chemistry & Biology (2003), 10(6), 503-509

CODEN: CBOLE2; ISSN 1074 5521

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: Cell Press Journal English

AB A malachite green-conjugated inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (MGIP3) induces specific inactivation of IP3 receptor (IP3R) in tissue samples upon laser irradiation To verify potential usefulness of the method for studies of cellular Ca2+ signaling, we conducted laser inactivation at the single-cell level and show that IP3R was inactivated with extremely high spatiotemporal resolution. In the presence of MGIP3, the Ca2+ release function of IP3R in single B lymphoma cells decayed exponentially with increasing duration of laser irradiation with a time constant of 3.4 s. Moreover, by confining laser irradiation to a spatially distinct region of differentiated PC12 cells, subcellular inactivation of IP3R was attained, as revealed by a loss of local Ca2+ signal. Such real-time inactivation of IP3R only within a subcellular region may provide a powerful method for investigating spatiotemporal dynamics of Ca2+ signaling.

ΙT 88269-39-0D, Inositol-1,4,5-trisphosphate, malachite greenconjugates

RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(malachite green-conjugated inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate-mediated laser inactivation of inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptors in relation to calcium signaling studies)

RN 88269-39-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 3 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:307779 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

135:91476

TITLE:

Control of Ca2+ influx in human neutrophils by inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3) binding: differential effects of micro-injected IP3

receptor antagonists

AUTHOR(S):

Davies-Cox, Eryl V.; Laffafian, Iraj; Hallett, Maurice

В.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Molecular Signalling Group, University Department of

Surgery, University of Wales College of Medicine,

Cardiff, CF4 4XN, UK

SOURCE:

Biochemical Journal (2001), 355(1), 139-143

CODEN: BIJOAK; ISSN: 0264-6021

PUBLISHER:

Portland Press Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English

Neutrophils signal Ca2+ changes in response to occupancy of G-protein-linked receptors such as the formylated peptide receptor. Ca2+ signal is composed of 2 parts, inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3)-triggered release of Ca2+ from an intracellular store and Ca2+ influx. In order to probe the relation between these events, cytosolic free Ca2+ changes in neutrophils were monitored after micro-injection of agents which inhibit IP3 binding. Micro-injection of heparin into neutrophils totally inhibited both formyl-Met-Leu-Phe-induced Ca2+ release and the subsequent Ca2+ influx. This effect was not due to prior depletion of Ca2+ stores. Furthermore, micro-injection with anti-IP3-receptor antibody also inhibited Ca2+ release. However, anti-IP3-receptor antibody and another high-mol.-mass IP3-binding antagonist, heparin-albumin conjugate , failed to inhibit the accompanying Ca2+ influx. Thus, 2 IP3-binding sites exist in neutrophils: one accessible by both heparin and the high-mol.-mass inhibitors of IP3 binding and responsible for Ca2+ release, and another inaccessible to high-mol.-mass mols. and responsible for Ca2+ influx.

IT 88269-39-0, Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(calcium influx in human neutrophils control by inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3) binding in relation to IP3 receptor expression)

RN 88269-39-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

32 THERE ARE 32 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 4 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2001:113310 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

134:188476

TITLE:

Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptor isoform

expression in mouse pancreatic islets: effects of

carbachol

AUTHOR(S):

Lee, B.; Laychock, S. G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmacology and Toxicology, State

University of New York at Buffalo, School of Medicine

and Biomedical Sciences, Buffalo, NY, 14214, USA Biochemical Pharmacology (2001), 61(3), 327-336

SOURCE:

CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952

PUBLISHER:

Elsevier Science Inc.

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English

The inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptors (IP3Rs) are ligand-gated Ca2+ channels that regulate intracellular Ca2+ mobilization. Among the IP3R mRNA isoforms I, II, and III, IP3R-I mRNA was expressed in mouse islets and the  $\beta$ -cell line  $\beta$ TC3, and was quant. the most abundant isoform as determined by reverse transcriptasepolymerase chain reaction. IP3R-II and -III mRNAs were expressed at similar levels in mouse islets, but neither isoform was detected in  $\beta TC3$  cells. Culture of mouse islets for 30 min and 2 h at 20 mM glucose, or for 7 days at 11 mM glucose did not affect IP3R-I mRNA expression compared with islets cultured in 5.5 mM glucose. Culture of islets or  $\beta TC3$  cells with carbachol (0.5 mM) reduced IP3R-I mRNA expression levels below control. Mouse islet  $\alpha$ - and  $\beta$ -cells expressed IP3R-I and -III proteins, but IP3R-II protein was not detected by immunoblot or double-label immunohistochem. Culture of islets for up to 6 h with carbachol reduced IP3R-I and -III protein expression in a time-dependent manner with a half-maximal effect on type I at 1 h. Glucose (20 mM) stimulation for 2 h did not affect IP3R-1 levels. The carbachol-induced decrease in IP3R-I and -III protein expression was reversed by MG-132, a proteasome inhibitor. glucose failed to regulate mouse islet IP3R mRNA expression, whereas carbachol stimulation down-regulated IP3R mRNA and protein. A proteasomal protein degradative pathway appeared to mediate the muscarinic receptor-induced effects on IP3R-I and -III.

IT 88269-39-0, Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (carbachol down-regulation of inositol trisphosphate receptor isoform expression in mouse pancreatic islets and  $\beta$ -cell line  $\beta$ TC3)

RN 88269-39-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

56

L7 ANSWER 5 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

REFERENCE COUNT:

2000:491098 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

AUTHOR(S):

133:173582

TITLE:

Differential modulation of inositol

1,4,5-trisphosphate receptor type 1 and type 3 by ATP Maes, K.; Missiaen, L.; De Smet, P.; Vanlingen, S.;

THERE ARE 56 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

Callewaert, G.; Parys, J. B.; De Smedt, H.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Laboratorium voor Fysiologie, K U Leuven, Louvain,

B-3000, Belg.

SOURCE:

Cell Calcium (2000), 27(5), 257-267

CODEN: CECADV; ISSN: 0143-4160

PUBLISHER:

Harcourt Publishers Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal LANGUAGE: English

Binding of ATP to the inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptor (IP3R ) results in a more pronounced Ca2+ release in the presence of inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3). Two recently published studies demonstrated a different ATP sensitivity of IP3-induced Ca2- release in cell types expressing different IP3R isoforms. Cell types expressing mainly IP3R3 were less sensitive to ATP than cell types expressing mainly IP3R1. To investigate the difference in ATP sensitivity between IP3R isoforms at the mol. level, microsomes of Sf9 insect cells expressing full-size IP3R1 or IP3R3 were covalently labeled with ATP by using the photoaffinity label 8-azido[ $\alpha$ -32P]ATP. ATP labeling of the IP3R was measured after immunopptn. of IP3Rs with isoform-specific antibodies, SDS-PAGE and Phosphorimaging. Unlabeled ATP inhibited covalent linking of  $8-azido[\alpha-32P]$ ATP to the recombinant IP3R1 and IP3R3 with an IC50 of 1.6  $\mu M$  and 177  $\mu M$ , resp. MgATP was as effective as ATP in displacing 8-azido[ $\alpha$ -32P]ATP from the ATP-binding sites on IP3R1 and IP3R3, and in stimulating IP3-induced Ca2+ release from permeabilized A7r5 and 16HBE14o- cells. The interaction of ATP with the ATP-binding sites on IP3R1 and IP3R3 was different from its interaction with the IP3-binding domains, since ATP inhibited IP3 binding to the N-terminal 581 amino acids of IP3R1 and IP3R3 with an IC50 of 353  $\mu M$  and 4.0 mM, resp. The ATP-binding sites of IP3R1 bound much better ATP than ADP, AMP and particularly GTP, while IP3R3 displayed a much broader nucleotide specificity. These results therefore provide mol. evidence for a differential regulation of IP3R1 and IP3R3 by ATP.

IT 88269-39-0, Inositol-1,4,5-trisphosphate

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(differential modulation of inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptor type 1 and type 3 by ATP)

RN88269-39-0 CAPLUS

myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN

60 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 6 OF 14 L7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:605124 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

127:261682

TITLE:

Localization of a putative inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate

THERE ARE 60 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS

receptor in the Limulus granulocyte

AUTHOR(S):

Solon, Eric; Gupta, Ayodhya P.; Gaugler, Randy

CORPORATE SOURCE:

REFERENCE COUNT:

Schering-Plough Research Institute, Kenilworth, NJ,

07033-0539, USA

SOURCE:

Developmental and Comparative Immunology (1997),

21(3), 277-285

CODEN: DCIMDQ; ISSN: 0145-305X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The horseshoe crab (Limulus polyphemus) granulocyte (GR) degranulates upon contact with bacteria and factors are released that mediate an immune response. Stimulated cells produce IP3, which binds to receptors ( IP3R, mol. weight 240-300 kDa) that function to release stored Ca2+ into the cytoplasm that mediates degranulation. This mechanism is believed to mediate exocytosis in the Limulus GR but IP3R in the GR has not been shown. The present study utilized monoclonal antibody 4C11 and a com. available anti-IP3R antibody, both of which label amino acids of the N-terminal of all known isoforms. Electron microscopy, immunohistochem., SDS-PAGE, and Western blot anal., which employed the use of the two antibodies, demonstrated that a putative IP3R exists in the: plasma membrane, smooth surfaced vesicles, nucleus, and nuclear membrane. The authors hypothesize that this putative IP3R is involved in mediating the immune response of the Limulus

IT 88269-39-0, Inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (receptor; inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate receptor localization in horseshoe crab granulocytes)

RN 88269-39-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L7 ANSWER 7 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:968820 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 124:176713

TITLE: Synthesis of D-myo-P-1-(O-aminopropyl)-inositol-1,4,5-

trisphosphate affinity probes from  $\alpha$ -D-glucose Dorman, Gyorgy; Chen, Jian; Prestwich, Glenn D. Dep. Chem., Univ. Stony Brook, Stony Brook, NY,

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ 11794-3400, USA

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1995), 36(48), 8719-22

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 124:176713

GI

AUTHOR(S):

AB D-Myo-P1-(O-3-aminopropyl)-ins(1,4,5)P3 (I; R = H)(II) was synthesized from Me  $\alpha$ -D-glucopyranoside via the Ferrier rearrangement. II was converted to the 4-benzoyldihydrocinnamoyl derivative (I; R = COCH2CH2C6H4Bz-4), a selective photoaffinity label for modification of the ligand binding site of IP3 receptor proteins.

IT 173831-00-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of P-(aminopropyl) D-myo-inositol trisphosphate (IP3) affinity probes)

RN 173831-00-0 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 1-(3-aminopropyl hydrogen phosphate) 4,5-bis(dihydrogen phosphate), tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

#### 4 Na

IT 173831-01-1P 173831-02-2P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of P-(aminopropyl) D-myo-inositol trisphosphate (IP3) affinity probes)

RN 173831-01-1 CAPLUS

D-myo-Inositol, 1-[3-[[3-(4-benzoylphenyl)-1-oxopropyl]amino]propyl CN hydrogen phosphate] 4,5-bis(dihydrogen phosphate), tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

#### ●4 Na

RN 173831-02-2 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 1-[3-[[3-(4-benzoylphenyl)-1-oxopropyl-2,3-t2]amino]propyl hydrogen phosphate] 4,5-bis(dihydrogen phosphate), tetrasodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

#### Na

ANSWER 8 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:797922 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

123:252247

TITLE:

Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptors:

Immunocytochemical localization in the dorsal cochlear

nucleus

AUTHOR(S):

Ryugo, D. K.; Pongstaporn, T.; Wright, D. D.; Sharp,

CORPORATE SOURCE:

School Medicine, Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore,

MD, 21205, USA

SOURCE: Journal of Comparative Neurology (1995), 358(1),

102-18

CODEN: JCNEAM; ISSN: 0021-9967

PUBLISHER:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:

Wiley-Liss Journal English

In the cochlear nucleus of mammals, the relatively homogeneous responses of auditory nerve fibers are transformed into a variety of different response patterns by the different classes of resident neurons. The spectrum of these responses is hypothesized to depend on the types and distribution of receptors, ion channels, G proteins, and second messengers that form the signaling capabilities in each cell class. In the present study, the authors examined the immunocytochem. distribution of the inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3) receptor in the dorsal cochlear nucleus to better understand how this second messenger might be involved in shaping the neural signals evoked by sound. Affinity-purified polyclonal antibodies directed against the IP3 receptor labeled a homogeneous population of neurons in the dorsal cochlear nucleus of rats, guinea pigs, mustache bats, cats, New World owl monkey s, rhesus monkeys, and humans. These cells were all darkly immunostained except in the human where the labeling was less intense. Immunoblots of dorsal cochlear nucleus tissue from the rat revealed a single band of protein of mol. weight .apprx.260 kDa, which is the same size as the purified receptor, indicating that the antibodies reacted specifically with the IP3 receptor. These immunolabeled neurons were identified as cartwheel cells on the basis of shared characteristics across species, including cell body size and distribution, the presence of a highly invaginated nucleus, and a well-developed system of cisternae. Reaction product was localized along the membranes of rough and smooth endoplasmic reticulum, subsurface cisternae, and the nuclear envelope. This

IT 88269-39-0, Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate

an important but as yet unknown role in hearing.

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (receptors; immunocytochem. localization of inositol trisphosphate receptors in dorsal cochlear nucleus of mammals)

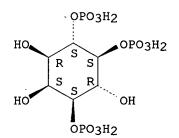
terminals. The regular pattern of immunolabeling across mammals suggests that IP3 and cartwheel cells are conserved in evolution and that both play

RN 88269-39-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

label was distributed throughout the cartwheel cell body and dendritic shafts but not within dendritic spines; axons, or axon

Relative stereochemistry.



L7 ANSWER 9 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1995:265528 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 122:47127

TITLE: Autoradiographic distribution of neurotransmitter and

second messenger system receptors in animal brains

AUTHOR(S): Kanai, Yasuo; Araki, Tsutomu; Kato, Hiroyuki; Kogure,

Kyuya

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Pharmacological Research Laboratory, Tokyo Tanabe Co.,

Ltd., Kitami, 115, Japan

SOURCE:

Behavioural Brain Research (1994), 65(1), 67-73

CODEN: BBREDI; ISSN: 0166-4328

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE: English

The authors investigated species difference in binding of major neurotransmitters and intracellular second messengers in the gerbil brain and the rat brain using receptor autoradiog. [3H]Phorbol 12,13-dibutyrate (PDBu), [3H]inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3), [3H]PN200-110, [3H] muscimol, [3H] MK-801, [3H] cyclohexyladenosine (CHA), and [3H]quinuclidinyl benzilate (QNB) were used to label protein kinase C, IP3 receptor, L-type calcium channel, γ-aminobutyric acidA (GABAA) receptor, N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA) receptor, adenosine Al receptor, and muscarinic cholinergic receptor, resp. Autoradiog. distributions of the bindings of most neurotransmitters and second messengers were particularly found in the limbic system and basal ganglia in both gerbil and rat brains. However, marked differences in these bindings between the gerbil brain and the rat brain were also recognized in the above regions. In particular, among 7 ligands used, the gerbil had high [3H]PDBu and [3H]CHA binding sites throughout the brain compared to those in the rat brain except for a few areas. By contrast, the rat exhibited high [3H]MK-801 binding sites in various brain regions, as compared with the gerbil brain. Thus, the gerbil differ from the rat with respect to the binding sites of major second messengers and neurotransmitters in the brain. The results may help better elucidate the relation or species difference between gerbils and rats for neuronal

function and behavioral pharmacol. IT 88269-39-0, Inositol 1,4,5 trisphosphate

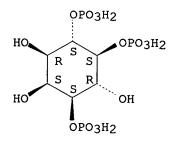
RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process)

(species variation in neurotransmitter and second messenger system receptors in brains)

RN 88269-39-0 CAPLUS

myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CN ·

Relative stereochemistry.



CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN ANSWER 10 OF 14

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1995:221631 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

122:102369

TITLE:

Age-dependent changes in second messenger and rolipram

receptor systems in the gerbil brain

AUTHOR(S): CORPORATE SOURCE: Araki, T.; Kato, H.; Kanai, Y.; Kogure, K.

Institute Brain Diseases, Tohoku University School

Medicine, Sendai, Japan

SOURCE:

Journal of Neural Transmission: General Section

(1994), 97(2), 135-47

CODEN: JNGSE8; ISSN: 0300-9564

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English

AB Age-related alterations in binding sites of major second messengers and a selective cAMP phosphodiesterase (PDE) in the gerbil brain were analyzed by receptor autoradiog. [3H]Phorbol 12,13-dibutyrate (PDBu), [3H]inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3), [3H] forskolin, [3H] cAMP, and [3H] rolipram were used to label protein kinase C (PKC), IP3 receptor, adenylate cyclase, cAMP dependent protein kinase (PKA), and Ca2+/calmodulin-independent cAMP PDE, resp. In middle-aged gerbils (16 mo old), [3H]PDBu binding was significantly reduced in the hippocampal CA1 sector, thalamus, substantia nigra, and cerebellum, compared with young animals (1 mo old). [3H]IP3 binding revealed significant elevations in the nucleus accumbens, hippocampal CA1 sector, dentate gyrus, and a significant reduction in cerebellum of middle-aged gerbils. [3H]Forskolin binding in middle-aged animals was significantly increased in the nucleus accumbens and hilus of dentate gyrus, but was diminished in the substantia nigra and cerebellum. In middle-aged animals, [3H]cAMP binding revealed a significant elevation only in the hippocampal CA3 sector, whereas [3H]rolipram binding showed a significant reduction in the thalamus and cerebellum. Thus, the age-related alteration in these binding sites showed different patterns among various brain regions in middle-aged gerbils indicating that the binding sites of PKC, IP3, and adenylate cyclase are more markedly affected by aging than those of PKA and cAMP PDE and that the hippocampus and cerebellum are more susceptible to these aging processes than other brain regions. The findings suggest that intracellular signal transduction is affected at an early stage of senescence and this may lead to neurol. deficits.

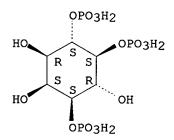
IT 88269-39-0, Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); USES
 (Uses)

(second messenger and calcium-calmodulin-independent cAMP phosphodiesterase receptors of brain in senescence)

RN 88269-39-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



L7 ANSWER 11 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993:249997 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 118:249997

TITLE: Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate receptors: Labeling the

inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate binding site with

photoaffinity ligands

AUTHOR(S): Mourey, Robert J.; Estevez, Virginia A.; Marecek,

James F.; Barrow, Roxanne K.; Prestwich, Glenn D.;

Snyder, Solomon H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Neurosci., Johns Hopkins Med. Inst., Baltimore,

MD, 21205, USA

SOURCE: Biochemistry (1993), 32(7), 1719-26

CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3) receptor was

photolabeled and the IP3 ligand binding site was probed using two novel photoaffinity ligands, [125I](azidosalicyl)aminopropyl-IP3 ([125I]ASA-IP3) and [3H] (benzoyldihydrocinnamyl)aminopropyl-IP3 ([3H]BZDC-IP3). Both ligands have high affinity for the IP3 receptor and, when photoactivated, label the IP3 receptor protein with appropriate inositol phosphate selectivity. The high specific activity of [1251]ASA-IP3 allowed identification of a single photolabeling site within the IP3R by two-dimensional peptide Substantially higher levels of incorporation into the receptor are achieved with [3H]BZDC-IP3 (50-60% efficiency) than with [125I]ASA-IP3 (3%), facilitating the use of [3H]BZDC-IP3 as a better ligand for the high-efficiency labeling and purification of IP3R-labeled peptides. Peptides were generated from photolabeled IP3 receptor by trypsin digestion and purified by high-pressure liquid chromatog. (HPLC). A single purified [3H]BZDC-IP3-labeled peptide, corresponding to IP3R amino acids 476-501, was sequenced and shown to match specific sequences in the N-terminal 20% of the IP3 receptor, an area suggested on the basis of mutagenesis studies to contain the IP3 recognition site.

IT 147852-81-1

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(inositol trisphosphate receptor photoaffinity labeling with)

RN 147852-81-1 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1-[3-[(4-azido-2-hydroxybenzoyl)amino]propyl hydrogen phosphate] 4,5-bis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 147764-82-7P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and hydrogenation or tritiation of)

RN 147764-82-7 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1-[3-[[3-(4-benzoylphenyl)-1-oxo-2-propenyl]amino]propyl hydrogen phosphate] 4,5-bis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 147764-83-8P 147764-84-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation and inositol trisphosphate receptor photoaffinity labeling
 with)

RN 147764-83-8 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1-[3-[[3-(4-benzoylphenyl)-1-oxopropyl]amino]propyl hydrogen phosphate] 4,5-bis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 147764-84-9 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1-[3-[[3-(4-benzoylphenyl)-1-oxopropyl-2,3-t2]amino]propyl hydrogen phosphate] 4,5-bis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 88269-39-0, Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(receptor of cerebellum membrane binding site for, identification of, by photoaffinity labeling)

RN 88269-39-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

L7 ANSWER 12 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:529224 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:129224

TITLE: Mapping of second messenger and rolipram receptors in

mammalian brain

AUTHOR(S): Araki, Tsutomu; Kato, Hiroyuki; Kogure, Kyuya

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Med., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, Japan

SOURCE: Brain Research Bulletin (1992), 28(6), 843-8

CODEN: BRBUDU; ISSN: 0361-9230

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB Autoradiog. localization of major second messengers and cAMP phosphodiesterase in the brain were visualized in the gerbil and rat using receptor autoradiog. [3H]phorbol 12,13-dibutyrate (PDBu), [3H]inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3), [3H]forskolin, [3H]cAMP, and [3H]rolipram were

used to label protein kinase C, IP3 receptors
, adenylate cyclase, cAMP-dependent protein kinase (cAMP-DPK), and
Ca2+/calmodulin-independent cAMP phosphodiesterase (PDE), resp. Most
second messengers and rolipram binding activities were found in the limbic
system, basal ganglia, and cerebellum. Marked differences were noted in
the hippocampus, where cAMP and rolipram binding activities were very low
in gerbils but high in rats. The regional localization in the binding
sites of PDBu, IP3, and forskolin in the gerbil and rat brains was
similar. Alteration of the cAMP and rolipram binding sites was studied in
the gerbil hippocampus 7 days after a 10-min cerebral ischemia. The
results suggest that the gerbil differs from the rat with respect to the
characteristic neurons or interneurons, especially in the hippocampal
formation.

This finding may elucidate the relationship or difference between gerbils and rats in brain functions and behavioral pharmacol. The cAMP and rolipram binding sites may be predominantly distributed on the pyramidal cell layer of the hippocampal CA1 sector and transient cerebral ischemia can cause marked reduction of these binding sites in the hippocampus.

IT 88269-39-0, Inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(brain receptors for, ischemia and species in relation to)

RN 88269-39-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

L7 ANSWER 13 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1992:490704 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

117:90704

TITLE:

Preparation of inositol polyphosphate derivatives for

control of the calcium ion-participating metabolic

steps

INVENTOR(S):

Ozaki, Shoichiro; Watanabe, Yutaka; Hirata, Masato;

Awaya, Akira

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, Inc., Japan

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 139 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9104258 W: US	<b>A</b> 1	19910404	WO 1990-JP1228	19900925
0.5		, ES, FR, 19910911	GB, IT, LU, NL, SE	
R: CH, DE, FR,	•	, LI	EP 1990-913864	19900925
JP 04178394	A	19920625	JP 1990-251804	19900925
US 5252707	Α	19931012	US 1991-700152	19910515

JP 1989-245161 A 19890922 JP 1990-210263 A 19900810 WO 1990-JP1228 W 19900925

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 117:90704

GI

$$Q1=$$
 $N=N$ 
 $CH_2CH_2NHBz$ 
 $Q2=$ 
 $A^3$ 

AB The title compds. [I; A = H; R,Rl = (un)protected P(O) (OH)2 and R2 = H; R,R2 = (un)protected P(O) (OH)2, R1 = H; or R,Rl,R2 = (un)protected P(O) (OH)2; Al = (CH2)nCHR3NH2, Q, Q1, Q2, (CH2)nCHR3N:CR4N5, (CH2)nCHR3NHCO2R6, etc.; n = 0-5; R3 = H, (hydroxy)alkyl; (p-hydroxy)phenyl, (p-hydroxy)benzyl, 3-methylindolyl, 5-methylimidazolyl, etc.; R4, R5, R6 = H, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, (un)substituted Ph or cyclohexyl; A2, A3 = N3, NH2, N:CR4R5, NHCHR4R5, etc.; B = H, NH2, NHCOCF3] which are used as drugs having 1,3,4-IP3-, IP3-, or IP4- (IP3, IP4 = inositol tri-orthotetraphosphate, resp.) like activities or antagonizing the activities of 1,3,4-IP3, IP3, or IP4 formed in vivo, and conjugates of I with polypeptides or proteins which are used as diagnostic agents and health foods, are prepared I immobilized on a solid support are also prepared and can be used for separation and purification of

IP3

phosphatase, IP4 phosphatase, IP3 kinase, IP4 kinase, IP3 receptor and IP4 receptor. Addnl. prepared are I linked to biotin or a fluorescent substance useful as biotin-avidin complex probes of fluorescent probes for studying the structure-activity relationship, the mechanism of action, or the search of the active site of proteins having affinity towards inositol phosphate-related phosphatase, kinase, and receptors. Thus, hydrogenation of I [A = R2 = CH2Ph, R = R1 = P(O) (OCH2Ph)2, A1 = p-(O2N)C6H4CO] over 5% Pd/C in aqueous MeOH containing

gave 100% I [A = R2 = H, R = R1 = P(O) (OH) 2, A1 = p-(H2N) C6H4CO] as the NH3 salt (II) which was hydrogenated over RuO2 in H2O at 80 atm H and 60° to give I [A = R2 = H, R = R1 = P(O) (OH) 2, A1 = 4-aminocyclohexanecarbonyl] as the NH3 salt (III). II and III in vitro showed IC50 of 3 and 4.2 nM for inhibiting the binding of [3H]IP3 to the microsome of bovine adrenal cortex, resp. vs. 1.4 nM for IP3 and EC50 of 1.6 and 1.2  $\mu$ M, resp. for releasing Ca2+ from microphages of guinea pigs abdominal cavity vs. 0.2  $\mu$ M for IP3.

IT 85166-31-0, Inositol triphosphate 98102-63-7, 1,3,4-Inositol triphosphate

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(agonists or antagonists, inositol tri- or tetraphosphate derivs.)

RN 85166-31-0 CAPLUS
CN D-myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

RN 98102-63-7 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,3,4-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2O_3PO$ 
 $OH$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 

RN 135417-68-4 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 2-[4-azido-2-[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]benzoate]
1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monoammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# ● инз

RN 135417-70-8 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 2-[4-[[5-[2-[[4-azido-2-[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]benzoyl]amin o]ethyl]-2-hydroxyphenyl]azo]benzoate] 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monoammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

F3C-C-NH O OH C-NH-CH2-CH2 N=N N-N OH OH OH OH

● инз

PAGE 1-B

∠OPO3H2

<sup>\_</sup>орозн2

RN 135417-71-9 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) 2-[4-[(1methylethylidene)amino]benzoate], monopotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

7

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & OH \\ \hline \\ OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ Me_2C = N & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ OH & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

• к

RN 135417-72-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) 2-[4-[(1-methylethyl)amino]benzoate], monopotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

K

RN 135417-73-1 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) 2-[4-[[(phenylamino)carbonyl]amino]benzoate], monopotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

K

RN 135417-74-2 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) 2-[4-[(1-methylethylidene)amino]cyclohexanecarboxylate], monopotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$Me_2C = N$$

$$H_2O_3PO$$

$$OPO_3H_2$$

$$OPO_3H_2$$

■ k

RN 135417-75-3 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) 2-[4-[(1-methylethyl)amino]cyclohexanecarboxylate], monopotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & OH \\ \hline \\ i-PrNH & H_2O_3PO & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ OH & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

● ĸ

RN 135417-76-4 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 2-[4-(benzoylamino)cyclohexanecarboxylate] 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), tripotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$O = O OH OPO_{3H_2}$$
 $O = OPO_{3H_2}$ 
 $OPO_{3H_2}$ 
 $OPO_{3H_2}$ 
 $OPO_{3H_2}$ 

●3 K

RN. 135417-77-5 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) 2-[4-[[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]amino]cyclohexanecarboxylate], tripotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## ●3 K

RN 135417-78-6 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) 2-[4-[[(phenylamino)carbonyl]amino]cyclohexanecarboxylate], tripotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

#### ●3 K

RN 135417-79-7 CAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, 2-ester with D-myo-inositol 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), triammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# ●3 NH3

RN 135417-80-0 CAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, N-hexylidene-, 2-ester with myo-inositol 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monopotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

● K

RN 135417-81-1 CAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, N-hexyl-, 2-ester with myo-inositol 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monopotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

K

RN 135417-82-2 CAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, N-benzoyl-, 2-ester with myo-inositol 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), tripotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●3 K

RN 135442-09-0 CAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, N-[(phenylmethoxy)carbonyl]-, 2-ester with myo-inositol 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), tripotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

## ●3 K

RN 135502-62-4 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminobenzoate) 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monoammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & OH \\ \hline \\ C & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ H_2O_3PO & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ OH & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

# € инз

RN 135502-63-5 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminobenzoate) 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monoammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2O_3PO$ 
 $OH$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 

# €ни ●

RN 135502-64-6 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminobenzoate) 1,4,5-tris(hydrogen phosphate), trisodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & OH \\ \hline \\ C & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ H_2O_3PO & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ OH & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

## ●3 Na

RN 135502-65-7 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminobenzoate) 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), trisodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2O_3PO$ 
 $OH$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 

## ●3 Na

RN 135502-66-8 CAPLUS

Relative stereochemistry.

# ● Na

RN 135502-67-9 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminocyclohexanecarboxylate) 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & OH \\ \hline \\ C & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ H_2O_3PO & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ OH & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

#### Na

RN 135502-68-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminobenzoate) 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate),
 monoammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

# NH3

RN 135502-69-1 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminocyclohexanecarboxylate) 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monoammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N$$
OPO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>
OPO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>
OPO<sub>3</sub>H<sub>2</sub>

## ● инз

RN 135502-70-4 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminocyclohexanecarboxylate) 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monoammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2O_3PO$ 
 $OH$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 

# • инз

RN 135502-71-5 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminocyclohexanecarboxylate) 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), trisodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} O & OH \\ \hline \\ C & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ H_2O_3PO & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \\ OH & OPO_3H_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

#### ●3 Na

RN 135502-72-6 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminocyclohexanecarboxylate) 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), trisodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2O_3PO$ 
 $OH$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 

## ●3 Na

RN 135502-73-7 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminocyclohexanecarboxylate) 1,4,5-tris(hydrogen phosphate), monoammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2O_3PO$ 
 $OH$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 

# • инз

RN 135556-66-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 2-(4-azidobenzoate) 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate),
 monoammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$N_3$$
  $H_{2O3PO}$   $OPO_3H_2$   $OPO_3H_2$ 

## NH3

RN 135556-67-1 CAPLUS

CN L-Phenylalanine, 2-ester with D-myo-inositol 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), trisodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

# •3 Na

IT 85166-31-0DP, D-myo-Inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate, biotin-labeled
135417-83-3P 135417-84-4P 135417-85-5P
135442-10-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as biotin-avidin complex probe)

RN 85166-31-0 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

RN 135417-83-3 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) 2-[4-[[5-(hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-thieno[3,4-d]imidazol-4-yl)-1-oxopentyl]amino]cyclohexanecarboxylate], monopotassium salt, [3aS-(3a $\alpha$ ,4 $\beta$ ,6a $\alpha$ )]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

K

RN 135417-84-4 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) 2-[4-[[5-[2-[[5-(hexahydro-2-oxo-1H-thieno[3,4-d]imidazol-4-yl)-1-oxopentyl]amino]ethyl]-2-hydroxyphenyl]azo]benzoate], monopotassium salt, [3aS-

RN 135417-85-5 CAPLUS

CN

myo-Inositol, 2-[4-[[5-[2-[[2-[(4-azidobenzoyl)amino]-6-[[[5-(dimethylamino)-1-naphthalenyl]sulfonyl]amino]-1-oxohexyl]amino]ethyl]-2-hydroxyphenyl]azo]benzoate] 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monopotassium salt, (S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

K

RN 135442-10-3 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-[4-[[5-[2-[[(2S)-2-[(4-azidobenzoyl)amino]-6-[[5-[(3aS,4S,6aR)-hexahydro-1H-thieno[3,4-d]imidazol-4-yl]-1-oxopentyl]amino]-1-oxohexyl]amino]ethyl]-2-hydroxyphenyl]azo]benzoate] 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monopotassium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

IT 85166-31-0DP, D-myo-Inositol 1,4,5-triphosphate, conjugates with proteins

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of, as diagnostic agents and health foods)

RN 85166-31-0 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(prepn. of, as fluorescent probe

IT 128443-66-3DP, CH-Sepharose 4B-bound 135502-74-8DP,

CH-Sepharose 4B-bound

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of, for separation and purification of inositol tri- or tetraphosphate-phosphatase or kinase)

RN 128443-66-3 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-(4-aminocyclohexanecarboxylate) 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$H_2N$$
 $H_2O_3PO$ 
 $OH$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 
 $OPO_3H_2$ 

RN 135502-74-8 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 2-[4-[[5-(2-aminoethyl)-2-hydroxyphenyl]azo]benzoate] 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

IT 135418-04-1

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of, in preparation of inositol tri- or tetraphosphate derivs.)

RN 135418-04-1 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 2-[4-amino-2-[(trifluoroacetyl)amino]benzoate]

1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), monoammonium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

$$F_3C-C-NH$$
 OH OPO $_3H_2$ 
 $H_2N$   $H_2O_3PO$  OPO $_3H_2$ 

NH3

L7. ANSWER 14 OF 14 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:122884 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:122884

TITLE: Tethered IP3. Synthesis and biochemical applications

of the 1-0-(3-aminopropyl) ester of inositol

(1,4,5)-trisphosphate

(1.4.5) building to the control of the steel of the steel

Prestwich, Glenn D.; Marecek, James F.; Mourey, Robert J.; Theibert, Anne B.; Ferris, Christopher D.; Danoff,

Sonye K.; Snyder, Solomon H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., State Univ. New York, Stony Brook, NY,

11794-3400, USA

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1991),

113(5), 1822-5

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE:

AUTHOR(S):

Journal English

LANGUAGE: OTHER SOURCE(S):

CASREACT 114:122884

Phosphodiester analog I (R = H) of the second messenger Ins(1,4,5)P3 has been synthesized and used to prepare the novel photoaffinity label I [R = 4,2-N3(H0)C6H3CO] and the selective bioaffinity matrix I (R = affi-gel resin). A selectively protected inositol precursor was first converted by phosphite ester chemical to an N-protected 1-O-3-aminopropyl-1-phospho)-DL-myo-inositol and then phosphorylated to give a fully benzylated derivative Hydrogenolysis gives I (R = H). I all competed with [3H]Ins(1,4,5)P3 for binding to purified IP3 receptors from rat brain. Reconstituted receptor liposomes showed Ca release when stimulated by the tethered IP3 materials. None of the new materials were substrates for the 5-phosphatase or the 3-kinase that normally acts on Ins(1,4,5)P3.

IT 132071-99-9DP, polymer-bound 147852-81-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation and interaction of, with inositol triphosphate receptor)

RN 132071-99-9 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1-(3-aminopropyl hydrogen phosphate) 4,5-bis(dihydrogen
phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 147852-81-1 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1-[3-[(4-azido-2-hydroxybenzoyl)amino]propyl hydrogen phosphate] 4,5-bis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 132071-99-9P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, with azidosalicylate)

RN 132071-99-9 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1-(3-aminopropyl hydrogen phosphate) 4,5-bis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 88269-39-0 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

IT 131932-42-8P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of)

RN 131932-42-8 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1-(3-aminopropyl hydrogen phosphate) 4,5-bis(dihydrogen phosphate), sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

●x Na

=> s IP3 conjugate
5376 IP3
67258 CONJUGATE
60273 CONJUGATES
104525 CONJUGATE
(CONJUGATE OR CONJUGATES)

```
0 IP3 CONJUGATE
L8
                (IP3(W)CONJUGATE)
=> s IP3 label
          5376 IP3
         63086 LABEL
         21921 LABELS
         75861 LABEL
                 (LABEL OR LABELS)
             0 IP3 LABEL
L9
                 (IP3(W)LABEL)
=> s IP3 tracer
         5376 IP3
         54936 TRACER
         19021 TRACERS
         64953 TRACER
                 (TRACER OR TRACERS)
L10
             0 IP3 TRACER
                 (IP3(W)TRACER)
=> s IP3 and competitive binding
          5376 IP3
         94907 COMPETITIVE
             5 COMPETITIVES
         94910 COMPETITIVE
                 (COMPETITIVE OR COMPETITIVES)
        955569 BINDING
          2080 BINDINGS
        956161 BINDING
                 (BINDING OR BINDINGS)
          5359 COMPETITIVE BINDING
                (COMPETITIVE (W) BINDING)
L11
            11 IP3 AND COMPETITIVE BINDING
=> s 111 and conjugate
         67258 CONJUGATE
         60273 CONJUGATES
        104525 CONJUGATE
                 (CONJUGATE OR CONJUGATES)
             0 L11 AND CONJUGATE
L12
=> s 111 and label
         63086 LABEL
         21921 LABELS
         75861 LABEL
                 (LABEL OR LABELS)
L13
             0 L11 AND LABEL
=> s IP3 assay and tracer
          5376 IP3
        365101 ASSAY
        160774 ASSAYS
        480953 ASSAY
                 (ASSAY OR ASSAYS)
             7 IP3 ASSAY
                 (IP3(W)ASSAY)
         54936 TRACER
         19021 TRACERS
         64953 TRACER
                (TRACER OR TRACERS)
```

0 IP3 ASSAY AND TRACER

L14

```
=> s IP3 assay and conjugate
          5376 IP3
        365101 ASSAY
        160774 ASSAYS
        480953 ASSAY
                 (ASSAY OR ASSAYS)
             7 IP3 ASSAY
                 (IP3(W)ASSAY)
         67258 CONJUGATE
         60273 CONJUGATES
        104525 CONJUGATE
                 (CONJUGATE OR CONJUGATES)
L15
             1 IP3 ASSAY AND CONJUGATE
=> s IP3 assay and label
          5376 IP3
        365101 ASSAY
        160774 ASSAYS
        480953 ASSAY
                 (ASSAY OR ASSAYS)
             7 IP3 ASSAY
                 (IP3(W)ASSAY)
         63086 LABEL
         21921 LABELS
         75861 LABEL
                 (LABEL OR LABELS)
L16
             1 IP3 ASSAY AND LABEL
=> dup rem 115 116
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L15
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L16
              1 DUP REM L15 L16 (1 DUPLICATE REMOVED)
                ANSWER '1' FROM FILE CAPLUS
=> d ll ibib abs hitstr tot
L1 HAS NO ANSWERS
'IBIB ABS HITSTR ' IS NOT A VALID STRUCTURE FORMAT KEYWORD
Structure Formats
SIA ---- Structure Image, Attributes, and map table if it contains
          data. (Default)
SIM ---- Structure IMage.
SAT ---- Structure ATtributes and map table if it contains data.
SCT ---- Structure Connection Table and map table if it contains
SDA ---- All Structure DAta (image, attributes, connection table and
         map table if it contains data).
NOS ---- NO Structure data.
ENTER STRUCTURE FORMAT (SIM), NOS:end
=> d l17 ibib abs hitstr tot
L17 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2004:371146 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         140:371475
                         IP3 protein binding assay using detectably-labeled IP3
TITLE:
                         and an extracellular fragment of the IP3 receptor as
                         reagents
INVENTOR(S):
                         Naqvi, Tabassum; Rouhani, Riaz; Fung, Peter; Eglen,
                         Richard; Singh, Rajendra
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         Discoverx, Inc., USA
SOURCE:
                         PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.
                                                             muenters
                         CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE:
                         Patent
```

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.				KIND		DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE			
		WO 2004038369 WO 2004038369					WO 2003-US33262				20031020							
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ.	CA.	CH.	CN.
									DM,									
			GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LC,	LK.	LR,
			LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,
			PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	TJ,	TM.	TN,
									VC,							·		•
•		RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,
			KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM,	ΑT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,
			FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,
									GΑ,									
								CA 2003-2503228										
*								AU 2003-301583										
	US 2004106158																	
	EΡ	15566							0727									
		R:							FR,									PT,
									MK,	CY,	AL,	TR,	BG,	CZ,	EE,	HU,	SK	
	JP 2006503582					T 20060202			JP 2004-546937									
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				.:					Ţ	US 20	002-	4204	69P	1	2 20	0021	021	
		NIDCE									WO 20	003-1	JS332	262	V	v 20	0031	020

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:371475

AB Protein binding assays are provided for determining IP3 in a sample employing as

reagents a conjugate of IP3 joined at the 2-oxy through a bond or linking group to a detectable label and a truncated portion of the extracellular fragment of an IP3R. The reagents are combined with the sample and the amount of IP3 determined by means of the detectable label. The conjugate with the enzyme donor fragment of  $\beta$ -galactosidase or a fluorescer is specifically described.

=> log y .		
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	143.83	316.14
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE	TOTAL
	ENTRY	SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-11.70	-11.70
or bobberibbic rice	-11.70	-11.70

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 17:12:11 ON 03 JAN 2007

chain nodes :
7 8 9 12 13 14 15 16
ring nodes :
1 2 3 4 5 6
chain bonds :
1-13 2-14 3-8 4-9 5-12 6-7 9-15 15-16
ring bonds :
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6
exact/norm bonds :
3-8 4-9 6-7
exact bonds :
1-2 1-6 1-13 2-3 2-14 3-4 4-5 5-6 5-12 9-15 15-16
isolated ring systems :
containing 1 :

## Match level:

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:Atom 8:Atom 9:Atom 12:CLASS 13:CLASS 14:CLASS 15:CLASS 16:CLASS

## L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d 11 L1 HAS NO ANSWERS L1 STR

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s 11

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:45:56 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 59 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 59 ITERATIONS 2 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 720 TO 1640 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 2 TO 124

L2 2 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s 11 sss full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 17:46:03 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1357 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1357 ITERATIONS 20 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 20 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> FIL CAPLUS

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 172.10 172.31

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=> s 13

L4 7 L3

=> d l4 ibib abs hitstr tot

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:371146 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:371475

IP3 protein binding assay using detectably-labeled IP3 TITLE: and an extracellular fragment of the IP3 receptor as reagents INVENTOR(S): Naqvi, Tabassum; Rouhani, Riaz; Fung, Peter; Eglen, Richard; Singh, Rajendra Discoverx, Inc., USA PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: KIND DATE PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE ----------\_\_\_\_ -----\_\_\_\_\_ A2 WO 2004038369 20040506 WO 2003-US33262 20031020 WO 2004038369 A3 20040701 W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, CO, CR, CO, CZ, DE, DR, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG CA 2503228 20040506 CA 2003-2503228 A1 20031020 AU 2003301583 **A**1 20040513 AU 2003-301583 20031020 A1 US 2004106158 20040603 US 2003-689122 20031020 20050727 EP 2003-809590 EP 1556682 A2 20031020 AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK JP 2006503582 Т 20060202 JP 2004-546937 20031020 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2002-420469P 20021021 WO 2003-US33262 20031020 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:371475 Protein binding assays are provided for determining IP3 in a sample employing AΒ as reagents a conjugate of IP3 joined at the 2-oxy through a bond or linking group to a detectable label and a truncated portion of the extracellular fragment of an IP3R. The reagents are combined with the sample and the amount of IP3 determined by means of the detectable label. The conjugate with the enzyme donor fragment of  $\beta$ -galactosidase or a fluorescer is specifically described. ΙT 502159-32-2DP, reaction product with hexachlorofluorescein N-hydroxysuccinimide derivative 685515-03-1DP, conjugates with  $\beta$ -galactosidase fragment 685515-04-2P 685515-07-5P 685515-08-6P

RL: ARG (Analytical reagent use); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); ANST (Analytical study); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(IP3 protein binding assay using detectably-labeled IP3 and IP3 receptor extracellular fragment as reagents)

RN 502159-32-2 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-(2-aminoethyl)-, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 685515-03-1 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-[2-[[3-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]-, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 685515-04-2 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-[2-[[(3',6'-dihydroxy-3-oxospiro[isobenzofuran-1(3H),9'-[9H]xanthen]-6-yl)carbonyl]amino]ethyl]-, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 685515-07-5 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-[2-[[4-(2,3,7,8-tetrahydro-2,3,3,7,7,8-hexamethyl-10,12-disulfo-1H-pyrano[3,2-f:5,6-f']diindol-5-yl)benzoyl]amino]ethyl]-, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 685515-08-6 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-[2-[[6-[2-[3-(1-ethyl-1,3-dihydro-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-2H-indol-2-ylidene)-1-propenyl]-3,3-dimethyl-5-sulfo-3H-indolio]-1-oxohexyl]amino]ethyl]-, inner salt, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

PAGE 1-B

....OPO3H2

**⊘**орозн2

IT 502159-32-2 685515-06-4
 RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(IP3 protein binding assay using detectably-labeled IP3 and IP3 receptor extracellular fragment as reagents)

RN 502159-32-2 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-(2-aminoethyl)-, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 685515-06-4 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-(2-aminoethyl)-, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 502159-32-2 CMF C8 H20 N O15 P3

Absolute stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

IT 685515-03-1P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(IP3 protein binding assay using detectably-labeled IP3 and IP3 receptor extracellular fragment as reagents)

RN 685515-03-1 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-[2-[[3-(2,5-dihydro-2,5-dioxo-1H-pyrrol-1-yl)-1-oxopropyl]amino]ethyl]-, 3,5,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:364011 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:123826

TITLE: 2-O-(2-Aminoethyl)-myo-inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate as

a novel ligand for conjugation: physicochemical properties and synthesis of a new Ins(1,4,5)P3

affinity matrix

AUTHOR(S): Riley, Andrew M.; Dozol, Helene; Spiess, Bernard;

Potter, Barry V. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmacy and Pharmacology, Wolfson

Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry, University of Bath,

Bath, BA2 7AY, UK

SOURCE: Biochamical and Biophysical Research Communications

(2004), 318(2), 444-452

CODEM: BBRCA9; ISSN: 0006-291X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 141:123826

GI

2-O-(2-Aminoethyl)-Ins(1,4,5)P3 (I), a novel derivative of the Ca2+-mobilizing second messenger D-myo-inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate [Ins(1,4,5)P3], was synthesized from myo-inositol. I was found to be a potent mobilizer of intracellular Ca2+, and an Ins(1,4,5)P3 affinity matrix synthesized from I was effective at selectively binding N-terminal fragments of the Ins(1,4,5)P3 receptor containing the intact Ins(1,4,5)P3 binding site. The micro-protonation scheme for I was resolved and the related consts. were determined in comparison with Ins(1,4,5)P3 and another reactive Ins(1,4,5)P3 analog 1-O-(2-aminoethyl-1-phospho)-Ins(4,5)P2 (II) by potentiometric and NMR titration methods. The 31P and 1H NMR titration curves for compound I and Ins(1,4,5)P3 are remarkably close, indicating analogous acid-base properties and intramol. interactions for the two compds. The 1-phosphate-modified Ins(1,4,5)P3 derivative II, on the contrary, behaves as a

bis-phosphorylated rather than a tris-phosphorylated inositol. Thus, I is a new reactive Ins(1,4,5)P3 analog of considerable potential for investigation of the chemical biol. of Ins(1,4,5)P3-mediated cellular signaling.

IT 502159-32-2P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of aminoethyl-inositol trisphosphates as intracellular calcium ion mobilizer)

RN 502159-32-2 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-(2-aminoethyl)-, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:146720 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:321602

TITLE: Dimers of D-myo-Inositol 1,4,5-Trisphosphate: Design,

Synthesis, and Interaction with Ins(1,4,5)P3 Receptors

AUTHOR(S): Riley, Andrew M.; Laude, Alex J.; Taylor, Colin W.;

Potter, Barry V. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Wolfson Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry, Department

of Pharmacy and Pharmacology, University of Bath,

Bath, BA2 7AY, UK

SOURCE: Bioconjugate Chemistr (2004), 15(2), 278-289

CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802

PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:321602

The design and synthesis of dimeric versions of the intracellular signaling mol. D-myo-inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate [Ins(1,4,5)P3] are reported. Ins(1,4,5)P3 dimers in a range of sizes were constructed by conjugation of a partially protected 2-0-(2-aminoethyl)-Ins(1,4,5)P3 intermediate with activated oligo- and poly(ethylene glycol) (PEG) tethers, to give benzyl-protected dimers with amide or carbamate linkages. After deprotection, the resulting water-soluble Ins(1,4,5)P3 dimers were purified by ion-exchange chromatog. The interaction of the Ins(1,4,5)P3 dimers with tetrameric Ins(1,4,5)P3 receptors was explored, using equilibrium [3H]Ins(1,4,5)P3-binding to membranes from cerebellum, and 45Ca2+-release from permeabilized hepatocytes. The results showed that dimers, even when they incorporate large PEG tethers, interact potently with Ins(1,4,5)P3 receptors, and that the shorter dimers are more potent than Ins(1,4,5)P3 itself. A very small dimer, consisting of two Ins(1,4,5)P3 motifs joined by a short N,N'-diethylurea spacer, was synthesized. Preliminary studies of 45Ca2+ release from the intracellular stores of permeabilized hepatocytes showed this shortest dimer to be almost as potent as adenophostin A, the most potent Ins(1,4,5)P3 receptor ligand known.

Possible interpretations of this result are considered in relation to the recently disclosed x-ray crystal structure of the type 1 Ins(1,4,5)P3 receptor core binding domain.

IT 678150-59-9P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(crystal structure; design and synthesis of inositol trisphosphate and interaction with Ins(1,4,5) P3 receptors)

RN 678150-59-9 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2,2'-O-[carbonylbis(imino-2,1-ethanediyl)]bis-, 1,1',4,4',5,5'-hexakis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

IT 288861-59-6P 288861-60-9P 502159-30-0P

502159-33-3P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(design and synthesis of inositol trisphosphate and interaction with Ins(1,4,5)P3 receptors)

RN 288861-59-6 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2,2'-O-(4,24-dioxo-5,8,11,14,17,20,23-heptaoxa-3,25-diazaheptacosane-1,27-diyl)bis-, 1,1',4,4',5,5'-hexakis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 288861-60-9 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, diester with 2-O-[2-(carboxyamino)ethyl]-D-myo-inositol 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 502159-30-0 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2,2'-O-(4,14-dioxo-6,9,12-trioxa-3,15-diazaheptadecane-1,17-diyl)bis-, 1,1',4,4',5,5'-hexakis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

PAGE 1-B

RN 502159-33-3 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-0-(4-oxo-5,8,11,14,17,20,23-heptaoxa-3-azatetracos-1-yl)-

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

REFERENCE COUNT: 44 THERE ARE 44 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:946809 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:235954

TITLE: First derivatives of myo-inositol 1,4,6-trisphosphate

modified at positions 2 and 3: structural analogues of

D-myo-inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate

AUTHOR(S): Horne, Graeme; Mills, Stephen J.; Potter, Barry V. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Pharmacy and Pharmacology, Wolfson

Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry, University of Bath,

Bath, BA2 7AY, UK

SOURCE: Carbohydrate Research((2004),)339(1), 51-65

CODEN: CRBRAT; ISSN: 0008-6215

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 140:235954

Novel, structurally modified potential mimics of the second messenger  $D ext{-myo-inositol}$  1,4,5-trisphosphate, based on the biol. active regioisomer D-myo-inositol 1,4,6-trisphosphate, were synthesized. DL-5-O-Benzyl-1,4,6-tri-O-p-methoxybenzyl-myo-inositol was the key intermediate for the preparation of the following compds.: DL-3-deoxy-, DL-3-deoxy-2-0-methyl-, DL-3-0-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, DL-3-0-(3-hydroxypropyl)and DL-3-O-(4-hydroxybutyl)-myo-inositol 1,4,6-trisphosphate. DL-1,4,6-Tri-O-allyl-5-O-benzyl-myo-inositol was used to prepare DL-2-O-methyl-myo-inositol 1,4,6-trisphosphate. Deoxy-compds. were prepared by reduction of the corresponding tosylated intermediate using Super Hydride. The hydroxyalkyl groups were introduced at the C-3 of myo-inositol using the corresponding benzyl protected hydroxy alkyl bromide via the cis-2,3-0-dibutylstannylene acetal. Methylation and benzylation at C-2 was accomplished using Me iodide and benzyl bromide, resp., in the presence of sodium hydride. Deblocking of p-methoxybenzyl groups was accomplished with TFA in dichloromethane and the allyl groups were removed by isomerization to the cis-prop-1-enyl derivative, which was hydrolyzed under acidic conditions to give the corresponding 1,4,6-triol. The 1,4,6-triols were phosphitylated with the P(III) reagent bis(benzyloxy)(diisopropylamin o)phosphine in the presence of 1H-tetrazole then oxidized with

3-chloroperoxybenzoic acid followed by deblocking by hydrogenolysis to give DL-2-O-methyl-, DL-3-O-deoxy-, DL-3-O-deoxy-2-O-methyl-, DL-3-O-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, DL-3-O-(3-hydroxypropyl)- and DL-3-O-(4-hydroxybutyl)-myo-inositol 1,4,6-trisphosphate, resp. 860304-99-0P 860305-18-6P 860305-44-8P IT RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation of 2-0 and 3-0 modified myo-inositol 1,4,6-trisphosphate derivs.) 860304-99-0 CAPLUS RN myo-Inositol, 1-0-(2-hydroxyethyl)-, 3,4,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), CN compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) CM 1 CRN 666835-05-8 CMF C8 H19 O16 P3

Relative stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

RN 860305-18-6 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1-O-(3-hydroxypropyl)-, 3,4,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 666835-06-9 CMF C9 H21 O16 P3

Relative stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

RN 860305-44-8 CAPLUS

CN myo-Inositol, 1-0-(4-hydroxybutyl)-, 3,4,6-tris(dihydrogen phosphate), compd. with N,N-diethylethanamine (1:1) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 666835-07-0 CMF C10 H23 O16 P3

Relative stereochemistry.

CM 2

CRN 121-44-8 CMF C6 H15 N

REFERENCE COUNT:

52 THERE ARE 52 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2002:798417 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:250343

TITLE:

Interactions of Inositol 1,4,5-Trisphosphate (IP3)
Receptors with Synthetic Poly(ethylene glycol)-linked
Dimers of IP3 Suggest Close Spacing of the IP3-binding

AUTHOR(S):

Riley, Andrew M.; Morris, Stephen A.; Nerou, Edmund P.; Correa, Vanessa; Potter, Barry V. L.; Taylor,

Colin W.

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Department of Pharmacy and Pharmacology, Wolfson Laboratory of Medicinal Chemistry, University of Bath,

Claverton Down, Bath, BA2 7AY, UK

SOURCE:

Journal of Biological Chemistry (2002), 277(43),

40290-40295

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PUBLISHER:

American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular

Biology

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

Journal English

AB The distances between the inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate (IP3)-binding sites of tetrameric IP3 receptors were probed using dimers of IP3 linked by poly(ethylene glycol) (PEG) mols. of differing lengths (1-8 nm). Each of the dimers potently stimulated 45Ca2+ release from permeabilized cells expressing predominantly type 1 (SH-SY5Y cells) or type 2 (hepatocytes) IP3 receptors. The shortest dimers, with PEG linkers of an effective length of 1.5 nm or less, were the most potent, being 3-4-fold more potent than IP3. In radioligand binding expts. using cerebellar membranes, the shortest dimers bound with highest affinity, although the longest dimer (8 nm) also bound with almost 4-fold greater affinity than IP3. The affinity of monomeric IP3 with only the PEG attached was 2-fold weaker than IP3, confirming that the increased affinity of the dimers requires the presence of both IP3 motifs. The increased affinity of the long dimer probably results from the linked IP3 mols. binding to sites on different receptors, because the dimer bound with greater affinity than IP3 to cerebellar membranes, where receptors are densely packed, but with the same affinity as IP3 to purified receptors. IP3 and the IP3 dimers, irresp. of their length, bound with similar affinity to a monomeric IP3-binding domain of the type 1 IP3 receptor expressed in bacteria. Short dimers therefore

bind with increased affinity only when the receptor is tetrameric. We

this large (25 + 25 nm) structure, consistent with previous work

conclude that the four IP3-binding sites of an IP3 receptor may be separated by as little as 1.5 nm and are therefore likely to be placed centrally in

indicating a close association between the central pore and the IP3-binding

sites of the IP3 receptor.
IT 288861-60-9P 502159-30-0P 502159-31-1P 502159-32-2P 502159-33-3P

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(interactions of tetrameric IP3 receptors with synthetic PEG-linked dimers of IP3 suggest close spacing of IP3-binding sites)

RN 288861-60-9 CAPLUS

CN

Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, diester with 2-O-[2-(carboxyamino)ethyl]-D-myo-inositol 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

$$H_{2}O_{3}PO$$
  $OPO_{3}H_{2}$   $OPO_{3}H_{2}$   $OPO_{3}H_{2}$ 

RN 502159-30-0 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2,2'-O-(4,14-dioxo-6,9,12-trioxa-3,15-diazaheptadecane-1,17-diyl)bis-, 1,1',4,4',5,5'-hexakis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).

PAGE 1-B

RN 502159-31-1 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2,2'-O-(4,41-dioxo-6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30,33,36,39-dodecaoxa-3,42-diazatetratetracontane-1,44-diyl)bis-, 1,1',4,4',5,5'-hexakis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-C

RN 502159-32-2 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-(2-aminoethyl)-, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 502159-33-3 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-O-(4-oxo-5,8,11,14,17,20,23-heptaoxa-3-azatetracos-1-yl)-, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

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REFERENCE COUNT: 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:350708 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 133:193370

TITLE: Poly(ethylene glycol)-linked dimers of D-myo-inositol

1,4,5-trisphosphate

AUTHOR(S): Riley, Andrew M.; Potter, Barry V. L.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Wolfson Lab. Med. Chem., Dep. Pharm. Pharmacol.,

University of Bath, Bath, BA2 7AY, UK

SOURCE: Chemical Communications (Cambridge) (2000), (11),

983-984

CODEN: CHCOFS; ISSN: 1359-7345

PUBLISHER: Royal Society of Chemistry

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

AB The first poly(ethylene glycol)-linked dimers of d-myo-inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate have been synthesized as probes for multi-subunit

binding proteins of this ubiquitous second messenger.

IT 288861-59-6P 288861-60-9P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of poly(ethylene glycol)-linked dimers of D-inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate)

RN 288861-59-6 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2,2'-O-(4,24-dioxo-5,8,11,14,17,20,23-heptaoxa-3,25-diazaheptacosane-1,27-diyl)bis-, 1,1',4,4',5,5'-hexakis(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 288861-60-9 CAPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),  $\alpha$ -hydro- $\omega$ -hydroxy-, diester with 2-O-[2-(carboxyamino)ethyl]-D-myo-inositol 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

$$-CH_2-CH_2-O$$
OH
OPO $_3H_2$ 
OPO $_3H_2$ 

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L4 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1994:525262 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

121:125262

TITLE:

preparation of myo-inositol derivatives as cell

activators

INVENTOR(S):

Mikoshiba, Katsuhiko; Ozaki, Shoichiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Soosei Kk, Japan

SOURCE:

GΙ

Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06135835	Α	19940517	JP 1992-313956	19921028
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-313956	19921028
OTHER SOURCE(S).	МАРРАТ	121.125262		

AB Myoinositol derivs. (I) [R1-3 = H, lower alkyl; R4-6 = H, lower alkyl, aminoalkyl, lower alkanoyl; R1 = R2 = R3 = R4= R5= R6 ≠ H] are cell activators. I stimulated the release of calcium from receptors and, as a result , activated cells. I improved e.g. the lowered hormone secretion and brain function and are useful in treating smooth muscle dysfunction-related diseases (no data). D-2,3,6-tribenzylmyoinositol in THF was sirred with dibutylbenzylpyrophosphoric acid and Bu lithium and then with ammonium acetate to give D-1,4,5-tris(butylphospho)myoinositol triammonium salt (II). II promoted the release of calcium from A10 cells. II 1, mannitol 1g, sorbitol 80 10mg, and saline 100 mL were mixed, distributed into vials, and freeze-dried to give an injection.

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation and reaction of, for preparing myoinositol derivs. as cell activators)

RN 157067-94-2 CAPLUS

CN D-myo-Inositol, 2-0-(3-aminopropyl)-, 1,4,5-tris(dihydrogen phosphate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)